

GENERAL WARRANTY TERMS HOT-DIP GALVANISING for the Benelux of Zinkinfo Benelux filed at the Registry of the Court in The Hague on 04/04/2019 under number 12/2019

These General Warranty Terms Hot-Dip Galvanising for the Benelux constitute an addition to the General Terms of Sale, Supply and Payment of Zinkinfo Benelux the Contractor has declared applicable to the Agreement (hereinafter referred to as: General Terms of Supply) for the specific application "hot-dip galvanising". In the event of any inconsistencies, the provisions of these General Warranty Terms Hot-Dip Galvanising for the Benelux shall prevail, unless these terms provide otherwise.

1. Additional definitions

General Warranty Terms Hot-Dip Galvanising for the Benelux: these General Warranty Terms Hot-Dip Galvanising for the Benelux, including appendices.

Territory: The Netherlands, Belgium and Luxemburg where Items are applied.

Zinkinfo Benelux: the foundation for hot-dip galvanising in the Benelux.

Items: - depending on the context - Items to be hot-dip galvanised or that have been hot-dip galvanised, such as constructions, parts, objects.

2. 2.

Terms for hot-dip galvanising

The Customer shall supply the Items to be hot-dip galvanised in such a way that they can be hot-dip galvanised by the Contractor without any further pretreatment and in conformity with the agreed or applicable standard. The Customer shall therefore ensure amongst other things that:

- the Items to be galvanised are assembled in such a way that they can be galvanised in their entirety and without any special processing or special tools being required during the hot-dip galvanising (in conformity with the aforementioned standard);
- in hollow Items to be galvanised inflow and outflow holes have been provided of sufficient size, in conformity with the Contractor's instructions;
- the Items to be galvanised are provided with sufficient suspension holes, in conformity with the Contractor's instructions;
- assembled Items to be galvanised shall be supplied disassembled;
- for Items to be galvanised of which only the exterior needs to be galvanised, any associated flanges, pipework, bolts, nuts and gaskets shall be supplied separately;
- Items to be galvanised shall be provided free from heavy rust, grease, paint, varnish, bitumen, welding slags, covering layers and other contamination.

3. Scope of the warranty

3.1 The Contractor warrants towards the Customer that the hot-dip galvanising shall be carried out in conformity with the version of European standard EN-ISO 1461 applicable on the date of conclusion of the agreement.

3.2 The warranty entails that if within the warranty term over 5% of the hot-dip galvanised steel surface is no longer protected by zinc due to a defect in the hot-dip galvanising and other than as a result of mechanical and/or chemical processing, environmental factors or other exclusion grounds, the Contractor or a third party to be appointed by the Contractor shall repair the hot-dip galvanised Items or shall hot-dip galvanise them again, with due observance of Article 6, either at the company of the Contractor or at the company of the third party to be appointed by the Contractor or at the Customer, such at the discretion of the Contractor. Any costs exceeding the single obligation described in the previous sentence, including, without being limited to transport costs and travel and subsistence costs, as well as disassembly and assembly/installation costs, shall be borne by the Customer.

3.3 The warranty only covers the damage to the zinc coating. This warranty does not cover the removal or renewed application of other coatings than the zinc coating applied by the Contractor.



4 Environmental factors

The Contractor acknowledges that the nature of the atmosphere and the climatological circumstances in which the hot-dip galvanised Items are used are of vital importance to the quality and durability of the zinc coating. This means that warranty is given only if the hot-dip galvanised Items are permanently applied in specific atmospheric corrosion load categories as set out in Appendix 1 to these General Warranty Terms Hot-Dip Galvanising for the Benelux.

5 Warranty terms

Furthermore, the warranty shall only be given if the following additional conditions have been met:

- Items to be galvanised and the structures are suitable and correctly designed both for the intended use and for the hot-dip galvanising process;
- the galvanised surface shall not be exposed to temperatures that exceed 180°C and/or to an environment in which the circumstances are such (e.g. due to the presence of aggressive chemicals) that it can be reasonably foreseen that it could cause damage;
- the galvanised Items are permanently located in the Territory;
- the galvanised Items shall be demonstrably inspected for possible defects at least every five years;
- the galvanised Items shall be stored and used in accordance with the applicable regulations, advice and recommendations prior to and during assembly;
- no changes have taken place in the announced intended use of the galvanised Items nor in the immediate environment of the galvanised Items during the warranty period, unless after consultation with and written approval of the Contractor;
- no intermediate (repair, adjustment etc.) work has been carried out on the galvanised Items other than after consultation with and approval of the Contractor;
- the climatological and atmospheric circumstances in which the galvanised Items have remained comply with the criteria as set out in Appendix 1 of these General Warranty Terms Hot-Dip Galvanising for the Benelux;
- the Customer shall supply the proof that the Contractor has hot-dip galvanised the relevant Items;
- there are no grounds for exclusion from warranty according to the General Terms of Supply;

6 Warranty period and warranty scope

The warranty period is the period applicable according to Table 3 of Appendix 1 of these General Warranty Terms Hot-Dip Galvanising for the Benelux. In the event that a hot-dip galvanised zinc layer is restored/replaced under the warranty, only the remaining warranty period applies to the restored/replaced zinc layer.

The Contractor only pays (part of) the costs in the event that the repeated hot dip galvanising or restoration is undertaken by the Contractor or by a third party commissioned by the Contractor.

In the event of a warranty period of 30 years, the cost of renewed hot-dip galvanising or repair under these General Warranty Terms Hot-Dip Galvanising for the Benelux, shall be for fully for the account of the Contractor for the first 10 years after the commencement date of the warranty. After this period, the share of the Customer in these costs shall be calculated by multiplying these costs with the fraction of the expired full years after the first 10 years following the commencement date of the warranty divided by 20, being the warranty period remaining after 10 years. For example: in the event of a legally valid warranty claim after 12.8 years, the share of the Customer shall be: costs mentioned x 2/20 = 10% of the costs mentioned.

In the event that a warranty period of 30 years applies, the share of the Customer in these costs shall be calculated by multiplying these costs with the fraction of the expired full years after the commencement date of the warranty divided by the applicable warranty period.

The share of the Customer is shown in the table below as a percentage contribution to the warranty costs by the Customer within the warranty period.





Table 1: Percentage contribution in the warranty costs by the Customer within the warranty period

Expired full years after warranty commencement date	Hot-dip Galvanising 30 years warranty	Hot-dip Galvanising 20 years warranty	Hot-dip Galvanising 10 years warranty
0	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
1	0.00%	5.00%	10.00%
2	0.00%	10.00%	20.00%
3	0.00%	15.00%	30.00 %
4	0.00%	20.00%	40.00%
5	0.00%	25.00%	50.00%
6	0.00%	30.00%	60.00%
7	0.00%	35.00%	70.00%
8	0.00%	40.00%	80.00%
9	0.00%	45.00%	90.00%
10	0.00%	50.00%	100.00%
11	5.00%	55.00%	
12	10.00%	60.00%	
13	15.00%	65.00%	
14	20.00%	70.00%	
15	25.00%	75.00%	
16	30.00%	80.00%	
17	35.00%	85.00%	
18	40.00%	90.00%	
19	45.00%	95.00%	
20	50.00%	100.00%	
21	55.00%		
22	60.00%		
23	65.00%		
24	70.00%		
25	75.00%		
26	80.00%		
27	85.00%		
28	90.00%		
29	95.00%		
30	100.00%		

If under the General Terms of Supply the Contractor is not bound to warranty, or to a lower amount in costs than set out in this Table 1, the General Terms of Supply shall prevail.

7. Disputes

If the Customer feels that he is entitled to warranty and this is disputed by the Contractor, the technical aspect of this dispute shall be submitted to an independent party to be appointed by the management board of Zinkinfo Benelux, which for the account of the unsuccesful party shall inspect the galvanised surfaces and shall record its results in an assessment report. The Parties agree to be bound to the inspection results of this technical assessment and to accept them.



Appendix 1 to the General Warranty Terms Hot-Dip Galvanising for the Benelux

For the benefit of the Customer the circumstances under which warranty on hot-dip galvanising is given, are set out below.

The categorisation into corrosion categories according to ISO 12944 is used as shown in Table 2 below:

A. Atmospheric corrosion load categories (simplified representation ISO 12944)

Corrosion load categories	Examples of typical environments in a temperature climate		
	Outside	Inside	
C1 (very low)	-	Heated buildings with clean atmosphere, e.g. offices, shops, schools, hotels	
C2 (low)	Atmosphere with low pollution levels Mostly rural areas	Unheated buildings where condensation may occur, e.g. depots, sports halls	
C3 (moderate)	Urban and industrial atmospheres, moderate sulphur dioxide pollution. Coastal areas with low salinity	Production halls with high humidity and some air pollution, e.g. food processing factories, laundries, breweries, dairy	
C4 (high)	Industrial and coastal areas with moderate salinity	Chemical factories, swimming pools, ports	
C5 (very high)	Industrial areas with high humidity and an aggressive atmosphere	Buildings or areas with an almost permanent condensation and high pollution levels	
CX (extreme)	Environment where the corrosion load is extremely high due to chemicals	Environment where the corrosion load is extremely high due to chemicals	

B. Categories for water and soil (simplified representation ISO 12944)

Category	Environments	Examples of environments and constructions
lm1	Fresh water	River plants, hydropower plants
lm2	Sea or brackish water	Immersed constructions without cathodic protection (e.g. port areas with constructions such as lock gates, dams, piers)
lm3	Soil	Subterranean storage tanks, steel pillars, steel pipes
lm4	Sea or brackish water	Immersed constructions with cathodic protection (e.g. offshore constructions)

For the various corrosion load categories the warranty applies as shown in Table 3 below.



Table 3

Warranty and warranty period for de corrosion load categories

Galvanised Items that comply with standard EN-ISO 1461 and

	Benelux territory	
	warranty	warranty period
are used in atmospheric corrosion load categories C1 and/or C2	V	30 years
do not contain parts that are thinner than 3 mm steel and are used in atmospheric corrosion load category C3.	V	30 years
contain parts thinner than 3 mm steel and are used in atmospheric corrosion load category C3.	V	20 years
do not contain parts that are thinner than 6 mm steel and are used in atmospheric corrosion load category C4.	V	20 years
contain parts thinner than 6 mm steel and are used in atmospheric corrosion load category C4.	V	10 years
do not contain parts that are thinner than 6 mm steel and are used in atmospheric corrosion load category C5.	V	10 years
contain parts thinner than 6 mm steel and are used in atmospheric corrosion load category C5.	x	-
For galvanised Items that are applied in the (atmospheric) corrosion load categories CX, Im1, Im2, Im3 and Im4 no warranty is given	X	-

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v = warranty / x = no warranty

If galvanised Items are used in multiple atmospheric corrosion load categories during the term of the warranty, the warranty for the highest atmospheric corrosion load category (lowest C1 and highest Im4) applies.

*to determine the percentage contribution in the warranty costs by the Customer within the warranty term, see Table 1 in the Warranty Terms Hot-Dip Galvanising for the Benelux.

Contact corrosion

If galvanised Items come into contact with metals and/or are applied in circumstances as referred to in Table 4 below, they shall also be excluded from this warranty scheme, unless



stated otherwise in this table. Contact corrosion with zinc contacting metals as referred to in Table 4 below in the presence of an electrolyte also comes under this exclusion.

Table 4

	Atmospheric exposure			Immersed in	
Metal	Rural climate	Industrial/urban climate	Sea climate	Fresh water	Sea water
Aluminium			X	X	X
Brass	X	X	Х	Х	X
Bronze	X	X	Х	Х	X
Cast iron	Х	Х	Х	Х	X
Copper	Х	Х	Х	Х	X
Led		Х	Х	Х	X
Stainless steel	X	X	X	X	X

X warranty scheme not applicable/exclusion does not apply to stainless steel fasteners

Furthermore, an overview is given in Table 5 below of chemicals and substances,

to which the hot-dip Galvanising coating is not resistant. Moreover, warranty is not given if the

hot-dip galvanised Items have been in contact with chemicals and substances referred to in Table 5 below during the warranty period.

Table 5

	Column 1		Column 2	
	chemicals and substances that may not get in contact with the zinc coating when wet		chemicals and substances that may corrode the zinc coating in dry conditions	
inorganic				
	all acids all alkalines (bases)	pH <5.5 pH ≥11	alkalines (bases)	pH < 11
			ammonia	
	ammonium	-acetates -fluoride -chloride -phosphate -nitrate -sulphate	ammonium	-bromide -carbonate -chromate -sulfonate
	arsenic compounds		antimony salts	
	barium	-chloride -hydroxide	barium	-nitrate -sulphate
	bromides			



Column 1		Column 2	
chemicals and substances that may not get in contact with the zinc coating when wet		chemicals and substances that may corrode the zinc coating in dry conditions	
cadmium	-chloride -sulphate	cadmium	-nitrate
calcium	-sulphate	calcium	-chlorate -chloride -hydroxide (dry)
caesium	-hydroxide	caesium	-acetate
chlorinated water		-chlorates	
chrome	-chloride -sulphate	chrome	-oxide
		fluorides	
		phosphorus	
halogen (wet)	Fluorine Chlorine Bromine Iodine astatine	halogen (dry)	Fluorine Chlorine Bromine Iodine astatine
potassium compounds			
copper compounds			
led	-nitrate -sulphate		
lithium hydroxide			
magnesium	-chloride oxychloride	magnesium compounds	
sodium compounds			
nickel compounds			
perborates			
peroxides			
persulphate			
		hydrogen peroxide	
zinc	-chloride	zinc	-chromate -sulphate -sulphide
	Column 1 chemicals and substates get in contact with the wet cadmium calcium caesium chlorinated water chrome potassium compounds copper compounds led sodium compounds nickel compounds persulphate persulphate	Column 1chemicals and subst-ces that may not suinc coating whencadmium-chloride -sulphatecalcium-luloratecaesium-hydroxidechlorinated water-chloride -sulphatechrome-chloride -sulphatechromeFluorine Bromine lodine astatinepotassium compoundsFluorine Sulphateithium hydroxide-led-nitrate -sulphateithium hydroxide-sodium compounds-ickel compounds-peroxides-peroxides-peroxides-ickel compounds-peroxides-participhate-ickel compounds-peroxides-peroxides-ickel compounds-peroxides-ickel compounds-ickel compounds-peroxides- <t< td=""><td>Column 1 Column 2 chemicals and substruit in coating when inc coating in dry consistent with try inc coating when inc coating in dry consistent inc coating in dry coating inc coating inc</td></t<>	Column 1 Column 2 chemicals and substruit in coating when inc coating in dry consistent with try inc coating when inc coating in dry consistent inc coating in dry coating inc



Column 1		Column 2	
chemicals and substances that may not get in contact with the zinc coating when wet		chemicals and substances that may corrode the zinc coating in dry conditions	
silver compounds (wet)		silver compounds (dry)	
organic acids		ethyl acrylate acid butyl acrylate acid	
acetates			
acetylene (vapour)		acetylene (60%)	
alcohols	≥50% solutions		
aldehydes			
allyl chloride			
		amides	
		amines	
		amino acids	
aniline	-sulphate		
chlorinated hydrocarbons			
citrates			
cresols			
		ethanol	
ether			
phenols			
formaldehyde			
glycols			
		hydrazides	
lactic acid			
naphtha			
fruit juices			
concrete (water)		fertilizer	
	Column 1 chemicals and substa get in contact with the wet silver compounds (wet) organic acids acetates acetylene (vapour) alcohols aldehydes aldehydes allyl chloride aniline chlorinated hydrocarbons citrates cresols cresols cresols aniline chlorinated hydrocarbons citrates cresols citrates citra	Column 1chemicals and substbrest that may not get in contact with the zinc coating whensilver compounds (wet)silver compounds (wet)organic acidsacetatesacetatesacetylene (vapour)alcoholsaldehydesallyl chlorideanilinechlorinated hydrocarbonscitratescitratescitratescitratesalteherphenolsformaldehydeglycolsanpithaformidtephenolsformaldehydeformaldehydealattic acidnaphthafornete (water)and by thefornete (water)formete (water)formete (water)formete (water)formete (water)formete (water)formete (water)formate (water)formete (water) <td>Column 1 Column 2 chemicals and substruct with the zinc coating when incoording in dry considered with the zinc coating when incoording in dry considered with (dry) Silver compounds (dry) silver compounds (wet) Silver compounds (dry) organic acids Image: Silver compounds (dry) acetates Image: Silver compounds (dry) aldehydes Image: Silver compounds (dry) aldehyde Image: Silver</td>	Column 1 Column 2 chemicals and substruct with the zinc coating when incoording in dry considered with the zinc coating when incoording in dry considered with (dry) Silver compounds (dry) silver compounds (wet) Silver compounds (dry) organic acids Image: Silver compounds (dry) acetates Image: Silver compounds (dry) aldehydes Image: Silver compounds (dry) aldehyde Image: Silver



Column 1		Column 2	
chemicals and substances that may not get in contact with the zinc coating when wet		chemicals and substances that may corrode the zinc coating in dry conditions	
cement (water)		green maize	
jute		animal feeds	
various types of wood (wet)			
precious metals			

The above Table 5 is based on amongst others the tables from

Corrosion Resistance of Zinc and Zinc Alloys, Frank Porter 1994 ISBN 0-8247-9213-0

Zink, Korrosionsverhalten von Zink, Verhalten von Zink gegen Chemikaliën, Dr W. Wiederholt 1977 ISSN 0342-1759